

119TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 283

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## AN ACT

To require the Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Technology and the Administrator of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to develop a standard methodology for identifying the country of origin of seafood to support enforcement against illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Illegal Red Snapper  
5 and Tuna Enforcement Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. METHODOLOGY FOR IDENTIFYING THE COUNTRY**  
7 **OF ORIGIN OF SEAFOOD.**

8 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

9 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Adminis-  
10 trator” means the Administrator of the National  
11 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

12 (2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-  
13 GRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Con-  
14 gress” means—

15 (A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,  
16 and Transportation of the Senate; and

17 (B) the Committee on Transportation and  
18 Infrastructure and the Committee on Natural  
19 Resources of the House of Representatives.

20 (3) KEY AGENCY LEADERSHIP.—The term “key  
21 agency leadership” means the Administrator and the  
22 Under Secretary in consultation with the Commis-  
23 sioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and  
24 the Commandant of the Coast Guard.

1           (4) RED SNAPPER.—The term “red snapper”  
2 means the species *Lutjanus campechanus*.

3           (5) TUNA.—The term “tuna” means the fol-  
4 lowing species of tuna:

5                 (A) Bigeye tuna (*Thunnus obesus*).

6                 (B) Yellowfin tuna (*Thunnus albacares*).

7                 (C) Bluefin tuna (*Thunnus thynnus*).

8           (6) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term “Under  
9 Secretary” means the Under Secretary of Commerce  
10 for Standards and Technology and the Director of  
11 the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

12           (b) STANDARD METHODOLOGY FOR IDENTIFICA-  
13 TION.—

14                 (1) IN GENERAL.—Key agency leadership shall,  
15 in accordance with this section, jointly develop a  
16 standard methodology, based on chemical analysis,  
17 for identifying the country of origin of seafood to  
18 support enforcement against illegal, unreported, and  
19 unregulated fishing.

20                 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—Key agency leadership  
21 shall ensure that the methodology developed under  
22 this subsection—

23                         (A) is consistent with the needs of Federal  
24 and State law enforcement agencies in com-

1           bating illegal, unreported, and unregulated fish-  
2           ing;

3           (B) minimizes processing time;

4           (C) involves the use of a field kit that can  
5           be easily carried by one individual; and

6           (D) to the extent practicable, can be used  
7           to test prepared food, including raw prepara-  
8           tions of seafood such as ceviche, sashimi, sushi,  
9           and poke.

10          (3) INITIAL SPECIES FOR IDENTIFICATION.—In  
11          developing the methodology under this subsection,  
12          key agency leadership shall conduct pilot studies on  
13          red snapper, as an example of a stationary stock,  
14          and tuna, as an example of a highly migratory stock.

15          (c) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date  
16          of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall  
17          submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report  
18          that includes the following:

19               (1) A summary of the methodology developed  
20               under subsection (b).

21               (2) A plan for operationalizing the methodology  
22               developed under subsection (b).

23               (3) In the event that any aspect of the method-  
24               ology developed under subsection (b) is impracti-  
25               cable, an explanation of why, whether additional re-

1 search would make developing such a methodology  
2 practicable, and whether a different approach other  
3 than chemical analysis might be practicable.

4 **SEC. 3. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR IUU FISHING EN-**  
5 **FORCEMENT.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense is au-  
7 thorized to, in coordination with the United States Coast  
8 Guard, expend funds appropriated for the Department of  
9 Defense for operation and maintenance to provide mari-  
10 time technical assistance to maritime forces from other  
11 nations in efforts to combat illegal, unreported, or unregu-  
12 lated fishing (commonly known as “IUU fishing”) and  
13 other transnational organized crime. Such technical assist-  
14 ance may include providing observers, shipriders, and spe-  
15 cialized personnel to deploy with such maritime forces, in  
16 addition to remote sensing, analysis of data, and oper-  
17 ational intelligence, as appropriate and consistent with  
18 United States law and policy.

19 (b) APPLICATION OF AUTHORITY.—The authority  
20 provided under subsection (a) shall apply to the use of  
21 the United States Coast Guard members deployed to and  
22 operating aboard Department of Defense, partner nation,  
23 or international partner platforms, as well as partner na-  
24 tion personnel operating aboard United States military

- 1 and Coast Guard assets or international partner vessels,
- 2 as appropriate.

Passed the Senate July 14, 2025.

Attest:

*Secretary.*



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